PrimeGene a biotechne brand Recombinant Rat Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor₁₆₄, Yeast (rRtVEGF₁₆₄, Yeast) PrimeGene Technical Data Sheet

Catalog Number:	145-07Y
Source:	Yeast
Molecular Weight:	Theoretically as a disulfide-linked homodimeric protein, the product consists of two 165 amino acid
	polypeptide chains. As a result of glycosylation, it migrates to at least two bands with molecular
	weights ranging from 25.7 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.
Quantity:	2µg/10µg/1000µg
AA Sequence:	MAPTTEGEQK AHEVVKFMDV YQRSYCRPIE TLVDIFQEYP DEIEYIFKPS CVPLMRCAGC
	CNDEALECVP TSESNVTMQI MRIKPHQSQH IGEMSFLQHS RCECRPKKDR TKPEKHCEPC
	SERRKHLFVQ DPQTCKCSCK NTDSRCKARQ LELNERTCRC DKPRR
Purity:	> 95 % by SDS-PAGE and 90% by SEC-HPLC analyses.
Biological Activity:	Fully biologically active when compared to standard. Measured in a cell proliferation assay using
	HUVEC human umbilical vein endothelial cells. The ED_{50} for this effect is 0.75-3.75 ng/mL.
Physical Appearance:	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in PBS, pH 7.4.
Endotoxin:	Less than 0.1 EU/ μ g of rRtVEGF ₁₆₄ , Yeast as determined by LAL method.
Reconstitution:	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the
	bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a
	concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and
	stored at \leq -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.
Shipping:	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature
	recommended below.
Stability & Storage:	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	• 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
	• 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
	• 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
Usage:	This material is offered by Shanghai PrimeGene Bio-Tech for research, laboratory or further
	evaluation purposes. NOT FOR HUMAN USE.

Rat Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor 164

Vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF or VEGF-A)/vascular permeability factor (VPF), is an important signaling protein as a potent mediator of both angiogenesis and vasculogenesis. It is a member of the platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF) family, and characterized by a cysteine-knot structure and disulfide-linked homodimer. Alternately spliced isoforms of 121, 145, 165, 183, 189, and 206 amino acids (aa) have been identified in humans, with 120, 164 and 188 aa isoforms found in mouse. VEGF binds the type I transmembrane receptor tyrosine kinases VEGF R1 (also called Flt-1) and VEGF R2 (Flk-1/KDR) on endothelial cells. VEGF is required during embryogenesis to regulate the proliferation, migration, and survival of endothelial cells. In adults, VEGF functions mainly in wound healing and the female reproductive cycle. Pathologically, it is involved in tumor angiogenesis and vascular leakage. Circulating VEGF levels correlate with disease activity in autoimmune diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis and systemic lupus erythematosus.

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