

Prime Gene Recombinant Human Ciliary Neurotrophic Factor (rHuCNTF)

PrimeGene Technical Data Sheet

107-08 **Catalog Number:**

Source: Escherichia coli.

Molecular Weight: Approximately 22.9 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 200 amino acids.

Quantity: $5\mu g/20\mu g/1000\mu g$

AA Sequence: MAFTEHSPLT PHRRDLCSRS IWLARKIRSD LTALTESYVK HQGLNKNINL DSADGMPVAS

> TDQWSELTEA ERLQENLQAY RTFHVLLARL LEDQQVHFTP TEGDFHQAIH TLLLQVAAFA YQIEELMILL EYKIPRNEAD GMPINVGDGG LFEKKLWGLK VLQELSQWTV RSIHDLRFIS

SHQTGIPARG SHYIANNKKM

Purity: > 97 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.

Biological Activity: Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The ED₅₀ as determined by a cell proliferation

assay using human TF-1 cells is less than 150 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of $> 6.7 \times$

 10^3 IU/mg .

Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder. Physical Appearance:

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in PBS, pH 7.4.

Endotoxin: Less than 1 EU/µg of rHuCNTF as determined by LAL method.

Reconstitution: We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the

> bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and

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stored at \leq -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.

Shipping: The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature

recommended below.

Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Stability & Storage:

12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.

1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

Usage: This material is offered by Shanghai PrimeGene Bio-Tech for research, laboratory or further

evaluation purposes. NOT FOR HUMAN USE.

Human Ciliary Neurotrophic Factor

Ciliary neurotrophic factor (CNTF) is a polypeptide hormone whose actions appear to be restricted to the nervous system where it promotes neurotransmitter synthesis and neurite outgrowth in certain neuronal populations. It was initially identified as a trophic factor for embryonic chick ciliary parasympathetic neurons in culture. The protein is also a potent survival factor for neurons and oligodendrocytes and may be relevant in reducing tissue destruction during inflammatory attacks. In addition, CNTF is useful for treatment of motor neuron disease and it could reduce food intake without causing hunger or stress. CNTF is structurally related to IL-6, IL-11, LIF and OSM. All of these four helix bundle cytokines share gp130 as a signal-transducing subunit in their receptor complexes. Recombinant human CNTF containing 200 amino acids and it shares 82 % and 83 % a.a. sequence identity with mouse and rat CNTF.

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